## Illinois Power Resources Generating, LLC

# EDWARDS POWER PLANT BARTONVILLE, PEORIA COUNTY, ILLINOIS

## **Emergency Action Plan (EAP)**

40 C.F.R. § 257.73(a)(3), Ill. Adm. Code 845.520 Coal Combustion Residual (CCR) Impoundment & Related Facilities

> Ash Pond (NID # IL50710) (IEPA # W1438050005-01)

**Revision Date: September 16, 2021** 

### Qualified Professional Engineer Certification; Emergency Action Plan for the Edwards Power Plant Ash Pond

In accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 257.73(a)(3)(iv) and 35 III. Adm. Code 845.520(e), the owner or operator of a CCR unit that is required to prepare a written Emergency Action Plan under 40 C.F.R. § 257.73(a)(3) and 35 III. Adm. Code 845.520(a) must obtain a certification from a qualified professional engineer stating that the written Emergency Action Plan meets the requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 257.73(a)(3) and 35 III. Adm. Code 845.520.

I, \_\_\_\_Phil Morris\_, being a Professional Engineer in good standing in the State of Illinois, do hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief that:

- 1. the information contained in this Emergency Action Plan was prepared in accordance with the accepted practice of engineering; and
- 2. this Emergency Action Plan meets the requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 257.73(a)(3) and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 845.520.

**Phil Morris** 

Senior Director, Corporate Environmental

9/27/21

Date

062-058763
REGISTERED
PROFESSIONAL
ENGINEER
9/0F

# EDWARDS POWER PLANT EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN CCR IMPOUNDMENT & RELATED FACILITIES

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## EDWARDS POWER PLANT EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN CCR IMPOUNDMENT & RELATED FACILITIES

#### PART I – EAP NARRATIVE AND EXHIBITS

#### 1 STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

The Edwards Power Plant (Power Plant) is located near Bartonville in Peoria County, Illinois. The location is shown in Figure 1-1. The Power Plant is a coal-fired electricity producing power plant owned and operated by Illinois Power Resources Generating, LLC, a subsidiary of Dynegy. This Emergency Action Plan (EAP) was prepared in accordance with 40 CFR § 257.73(a)(3) and covers the following Coal Combustion Residual (CCR) surface impoundment located at the site:

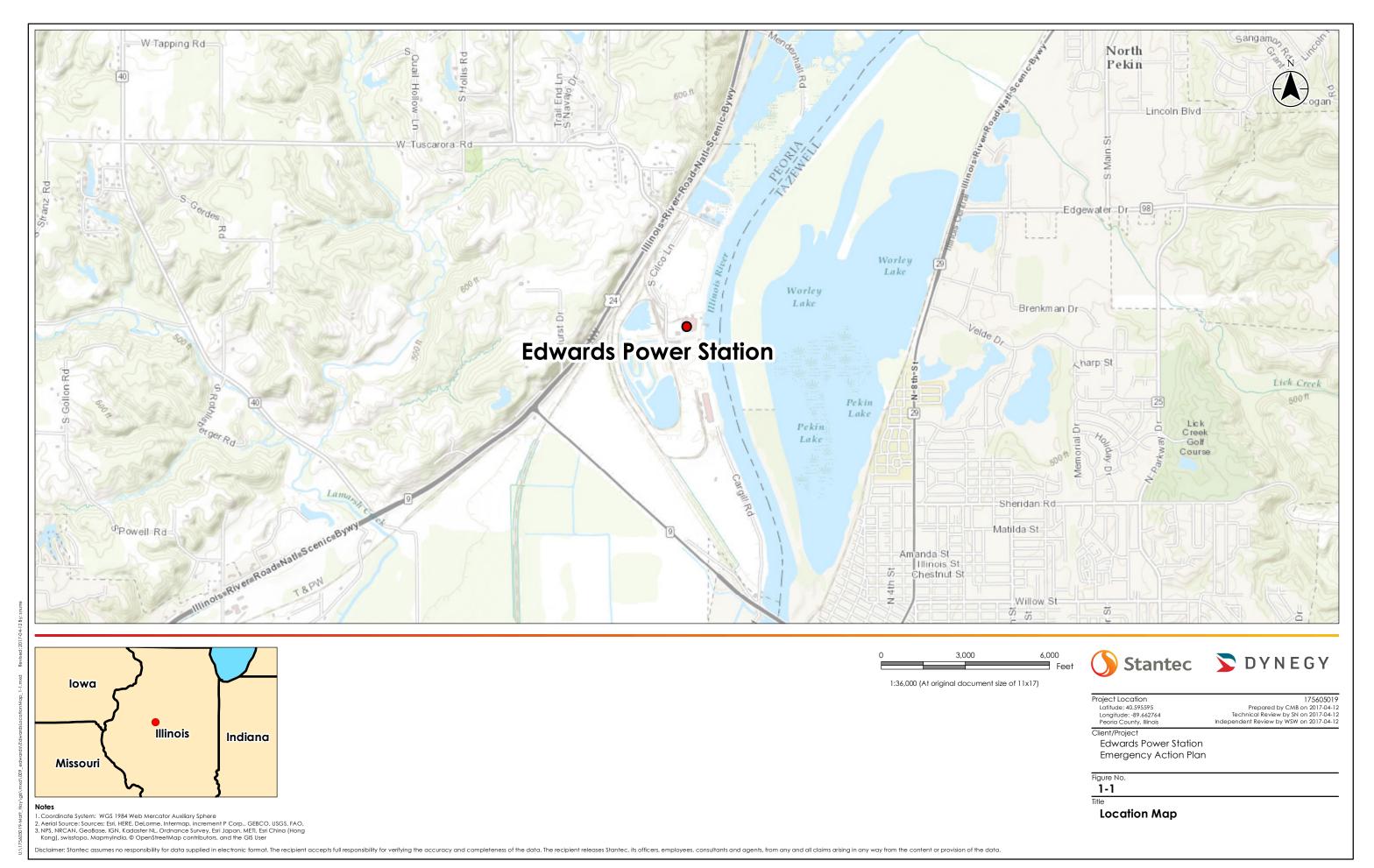
Ash Pond (NID # IL50710) (IEPA # W1438050005-01)

The location of this impoundment is shown in Figure 1-2. Section 6 of this EAP includes a description of the impoundment.

The purpose of this Emergency Action Plan (EAP) is to:

- Safeguard the lives, as well as to reduce property damage, of citizens living within potential downstream flood inundation areas of the CCR impoundment and related facilities at the Edwards Power Plant.
- 2. Define the events or circumstances involving the CCR impoundment and related facilities at the Edwards Power Plant that represent atypical operating conditions that pose a safety hazard or emergency and how to identify those conditions.
- 3. Define responsible persons, their responsibilities, and notification procedures in the event of a safety emergency.
- 4. Provide contact information of emergency responders.
- 5. Identify emergency actions in the event of a potential or imminent failure of the impoundment.
- 6. Identify the downstream area that would be affected by failure of the impoundment.
- Provide for effective facility surveillance, prompt notification to local Emergency
  Management Agencies, citizen warning and notification responses, and preparation should an
  emergency occur.

Information provided by Illinois Power Resources Generating, LLC was utilized and relied upon in preparation of this report.



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Legend

CCR Surface Impoundment Boundary

1,000

1:12,000 (At original document size of 11x17)



Project Location Latitude: 40.595484 Longitude: -89.663301 Peoria County, Illinois

Prepared by CMB on 2017-03-29
Technical Review by SN on 2017-03-29
Independent Review by WSW on 2017-03-29

Client/Project
Edwards Power Station
Emergency Action Plan

1-2

**CCR** Impoundment

Coordinate System: WGS 1984 Web Mercator Auxiliary Sphere
 Aerial Source: 2015 NAIP Imagery
 Impoundment Boundaries Provided by Client (Dated 9/9/2015)

Disclaimer: Stantec assumes no responsibility for data supplied in electronic format. The recipient accepts full responsibility for verifying the accuracy and completeness of the data. The recipient releases Stantec, its officers, employees, consultants and agents, from any and all claims arising in any way from the content or provision of the data.

#### 2 COMMUNICATION

To facilitate understanding among everyone involved in implementing this EAP, four response levels are used to identify the condition of an impoundment. These are:

#### **Response Levels:**

- <u>Level 0</u>: Normal conditions and routine operations, including surveillance and initial investigation of unusual conditions and effects of storm events.
- <u>Level 1</u>: Potentially hazardous condition exists, requiring investigation and possible corrective action.
- <u>Level 2</u>: Potential failure situation is developing; possible mode of failure is being assessed; corrective measures are underway.
- <u>Level 3</u>: Failure is occurring or is imminent, public protective actions are required.

The 4-Step Incident Response Process is outlined in Figure 2-1. This should be used in conjunction with the Notification Flowchart (Figure 2-2) and EAP Decision Tree (Figure 2-3). Section 4 provides guidance tables for determining Response Levels and a table providing emergency actions to be taken given various situations. Table 2-1 lists contact information for the emergency responders.

Figure 2-1. Summary/Sequence of Tasks 4-Step Incident Response Process

#### Step 1: Detection, Evaluation, and Response Level Determination

Sequence of Tasks:

- Notify EAP Coordinator, Plant Manager, and Dam Safety Manager of unusual condition detected and confer on next steps needed. Conduct technical evaluation of conditions as needed.
- Conduct technical evaluation of conditions as needed.
- Determine Response Level based on evaluation. (Table 4-1)
- Reset Response Level as revised evaluations warrant.

#### **Step 2: Notification**

Sequence of Tasks:

- Notify authorities, designated personnel, and external response partners of change in Response Level, using the Notification Flowchart. (Figure 2-2)
- Re-notify authorities, designated personnel, and external response partners as Response Level is changed.

#### **Step 3: Emergency Actions**

Sequence of Tasks:

- Perform emergency actions with goal of saving the impoundment and minimizing impacts to life, property, and environment. (Table 4-3)
- Take continuous actions to include situation assessment, information sharing, remediation, and public safety advisories or warnings, as warranted.
- Revise action plan as changes in conditions warrant.

#### **Step 4: Follow-up**

Sequence of Tasks:

- Document conditions and decisions in the Emergency Incident Log.
- Notify authorities, designated personnel, and external response partners that condition is stabilized; limit incident termination declarations to conditions at the site.
- Conduct and document after-action review of incident and response.

**Initial Detector Initial Detector** (Internal) (External) **Edwards Power Plant** 911 **Control Room** Plant Manager **EAP Coordinator Determine Response Level** Dam Safety Manager

**Peoria County EMA Coordinator** 

Local/County Police, Fire & Rescue
Bartonville Police Department

Timber-Hollis Fire Protection District

Peoria County Sheriff

Figure 2-2. Notification Flowchart

**Power Plant Shift** 

Supervisor

**Onsite Personnel** 

Illinois Power Resources Generating. LLC Corporate

**Response Level** 

Level 0

Level 1

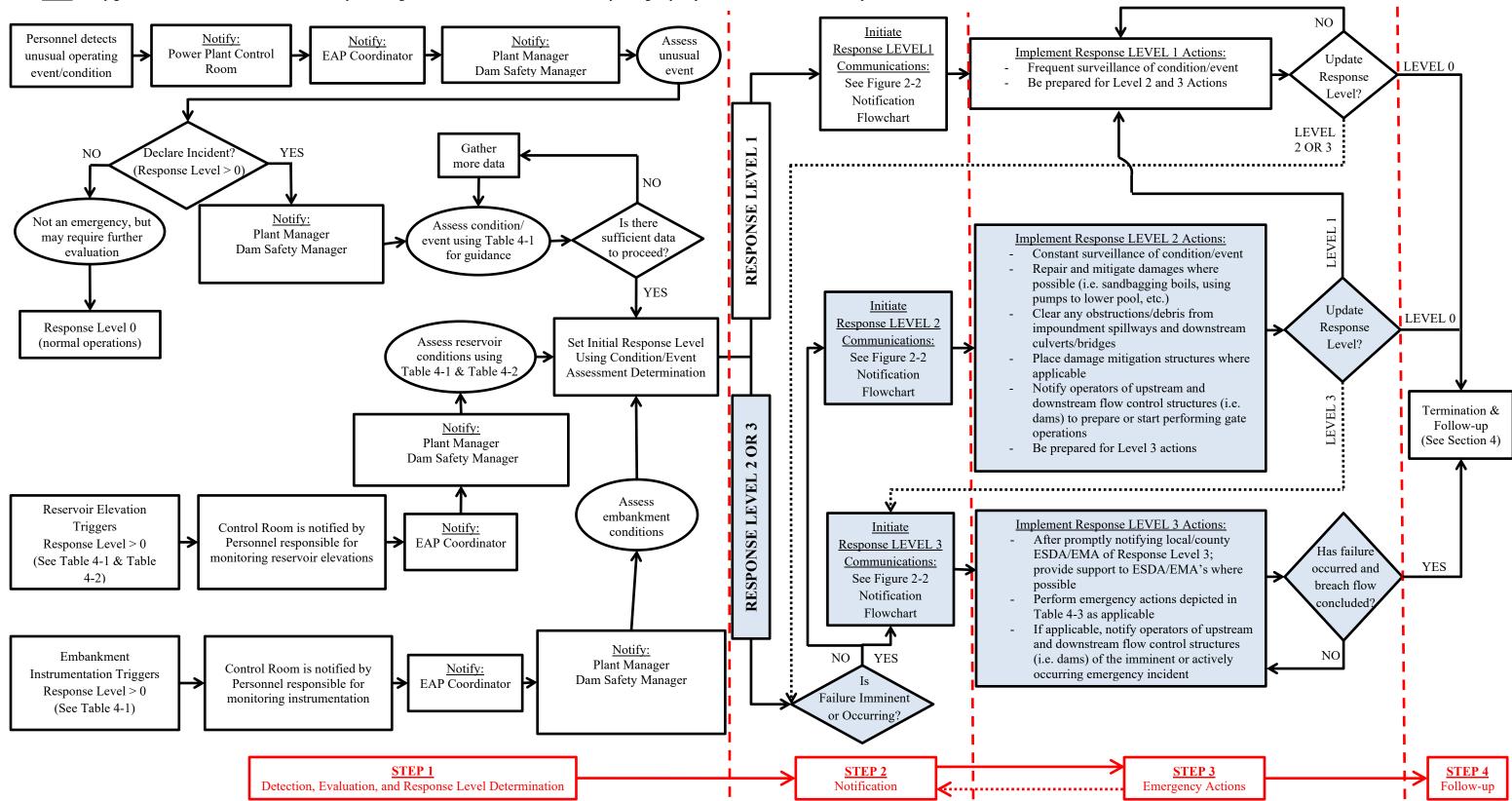
Level 2

Level 3

**Affected Parties** 

Figure 2-3. EAP Response Process Decision Tree

Note: At any given below, if failure is imminent or actively occurring CALL 911 IMMEDIATELY to notify emergency responders and then continue with process afterwards.



**Table 2-1. EAP Emergency Responders** 

Position/Entity	Name			
Intern	al Contacts			
<b>Edwards Power Plant</b>	Phone #			
Plant Manager				
EAP Coordinator	(309) 241-4219			
Control Room	(309) 633-2425			
DMG Corporate Operations				
Dam Safety Manager	(618) 792-8488			
External Contacts				
Local/County EMA, Police, & Fire	Phone #			
Peoria County – EMA	(309) 691-3111			
Peoria County – Sheriff Dept.	(309) 697-8515			
Bartonville, IL Police Department	(309) 697-2323			
Timber-Hollis Fire Protection District	(309) 303-3458			
Spring Lake State Fish and Wildlife Area	(309) 968-7135			
Peoria County E-911 Board	911			
State Emergency Management Agencies & Organizations	Phone #			
Illinois Conservation Police	(309) 573-8434			

### 3 EAP ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Table 3-1 provides a summary of the EAP roles during an emergency event.

**Table 3-1. Summary of EAP Roles** 

Entity	Role Description
<b>Emergency Response</b>	ERT: Personnel responsible for EAP implementation, distribution, updates/maintenance, and training
Team (ERT)	activities. The <u>ERT</u> is comprised of the following roles:
	1. <b>Corporate:</b> DMG corporate entity, committee, team, or position with relevant responsibility for a
	given generating power plant.
	2. <b>Plant Manager:</b> Personnel responsible for day-to-day operation and management of the Power Plant.
	3. <b>Dam Safety Manager:</b> Personnel that is most knowledgeable about the design and technical
	operation of facilities at a given power plant.
	4. <b>EAP Coordinator:</b> Personnel responsible for implementing the EAP and associated activities.
	Emergency Event – EAP Responsibilities
	1. Respond to emergencies at the Power Plant.
	2. Verify and assess emergency conditions.
	3. Notify and coordinate as appropriate with participating emergency services disaster agencies or
	emergency management agencies (ESDA/EMA's), emergency responders, regulatory agencies, and all
	other entities involved or affected by this EAP.
	4. Take corrective action at the Power Plant.
	5. Declare termination of emergencies at the Power Plant.
Peoria County EMA	1. Receive Response Level reports from <i>Illinois Power Generating Resources, LLC Corporate</i> through
	EAP Coordinator.
	2. Coordinate emergency response activities with local authorities: police, fire, and rescue, etc.
	3. Coordinate notification of public as necessary through established channels, which may include door-
	to-door contact.
	4. Coordinate notification activities to affected parties within inundation areas.
	5. Evaluate risk to areas beyond the inundation areas, communicate needs to the <i>Illinois Power</i>
	Generating Resources, LLC Corporate and/or EAP Coordinator, and coordinate aid as appropriate.
	6. Responsible for declaring termination of an emergency condition off-site upon receiving notification
	of an emergency status termination from the <u>Corporate</u> .
	7. If necessary, coordinate with <u>State ESDA/EMA</u> .
Local/County Police,	1. Receive alert status reports from the <u>ERT</u> or the Peoria County <u>EMA</u> .
Fire & Rescue	2. If necessary, notify Affected Parties and general public within inundation areas (see Section 7).
	3. Render assistance to Peoria County EMA, as necessary.
	4. Render assistance to <i>Illinois Power Generating Resources</i> , <i>LLC Corporate</i> and <i>Power Plant</i>
	Management, as necessary.
	·

#### 4 EAP RESPONSE

The 4-Step Incident Response Process is shown in Figure 2-1. The Decision Tree shown in Figure 2-3 provides a flowchart for the various elements of the response process. Upon reaching Step 4 of the response process (termination and follow-up), the EAP Coordinator is responsible for notifying the ESDA/EMA's that the condition of the dam/impoundment has been stabilized. The purpose of this section is to provide specific information that can be used during a response. This information is provided in the following tables:

- Table 4-1 provides guidance for determining the response level.
- Table 4-2 provides impoundment pool level trigger elevations.
- Table 4-3 lists emergency actions to be taken depending on the situation.

Table 4-1. Guidance for Determining the Response Level

Event	Situation	Response Level
	Primary spillway flow is not causing active erosion and impoundment water surface elevation is below auxiliary spillway crest elevation (if equipped).	Level 0
	Impoundment water surface elevation is at or above auxiliary spillway crest elevation (if equipped). No active erosion caused by spillway flow.	Level 1
Cailly ou flour	Spillway flow actively causing minor erosion that is not threatening the control section or dam/impoundment stability.	Level 2
Spillway flow (See Table 4-2 for relevant elevations)	Spillway flow that could result in flooding of people downstream if the reservoir level continues to rise.	Level 2
	Abnormal operation of the spillway system due to blockage or damage that could lead to flooding.	Level 2
	Spillway flow actively eroding the soil around the spillway that is threatening the control section (e.g., undermining) or dam/impoundment stability.	Level 3
	Spillway flow that is flooding people downstream.	Level 3
Embankment	Impoundment water surface elevation at or below typical normal pool fluctuation elevation.	Level 0
Overtopping	Impoundment water surface elevation above typical high pool fluctuation elevation.	Level 1
(See Table 4-2 for relevant elevations)	Impoundment water surface elevation within 2 feet of the embankment crest elevation	Level 2
	Impoundment water surface elevation at or above embankment crest elevation.	Level 3
	New seepage areas in or near the dam/impoundment with clear flow.	Level 1
Seepage	New seepage areas with cloudy discharge or increasing flow rate.	Level 2
	Heavy seepage with active erosion, muddy flow, and/or sand boils.	Level 3
G: 11 1	Observation of new sinkhole in impoundment area or on embankment.	Level 2
Sinkholes	Rapidly enlarging sinkhole and/or whirlpool in the impoundment.	Level 3

Table 4-1. Guidance for Determining the Response Level

Event	Situation	Response Level
	New cracks in the embankment greater than ¼ inch wide without seepage.	Level 1
Embankment cracking	Any crack in the embankment with seepage.	Level 2
Cracking	Enlarging cracks with muddy seepage.	Level 3
	Visual signs of movement/slippage of the embankment slope.	Level 1
Embankment movement	Detectable active movement/slippage of the embankment slope or other related effects (tension cracking, bulges/heaves, etc.) that could threaten the integrity of the embankment.	Level 2
	Sudden or rapidly proceeding slides of the embankment slopes.	Level 3
Embankment	Instrumentation readings beyond historic normal.	Level 1
Monitoring Equipment	Instrumentation readings indicate the embankment is susceptible to failure.	Level 2
(piezometers, inclinometers, surface displacement mounts, etc.)	Instrumentation readings indicate embankment is at threshold of failure or is currently failing.	Level 3
	Measurable earthquake felt or reported on or within 100 miles of the impoundment.	Level 1
Earthquake or another event	Lappurienances	
unother event	Earthquake or other event resulting in uncontrolled release of water or materials from the impoundment.	Level 3
Security	Verified bomb threat or other physical threat that, if carried out, could result in damage to the impoundment.	Level 2
threat	Detonated bomb or other physical damage that has resulted in damage to the impoundment or appurtenances.	Level 3
	Damage to impoundment or appurtenance with no impact to the functioning of the impoundment.	Level 1
Sabotage/ vandalism	Modification to the impoundment or appurtenances that could adversely impact the functioning of the impoundment. This would include unauthorized operation of spillway facilities.	Level 2
	Damage to impoundment or appurtenances that has resulted in seepage flow.	Level 2
	Damage to impoundment or appurtenances that has resulted in uncontrolled water release.	Level 3

**Table 4-2. Impoundment Trigger Elevations** 

Impoundment	Embankment Crest	Auxiliary spillway	Normal Pool Fluctuation	
Impoundment	Elevation	<b>Crest Elevation</b>	Typical	High
Ash Pond (north open water area)	461 ft.	Not Applicable	449.8 ft.	452 ft.
Ash Pond (south open water area)	461 ft.	Not Applicable	447.6 ft.	452 ft.

Notes:

Elevations are in reference to NAVD88 All remaining values are GIS estimated.

**Table 4-3. Step 3: Emergency Actions** 

Table 4-5. Step 5: Emergency Actions				
Condition	Description of Condition	Action to be Taken		
High Water Level/ Large Spillway Release	See Table 4-1 and Table 4-2 for elevations and triggering water levels associated with the impoundment and spillway covered by this EAP.	<ol> <li>Assess cause of increased reservoir stage, especially during fair weather conditions.</li> <li>Determine Response Level.</li> <li>Make proper notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart.</li> <li>Perform additional tasks as determined through consultation with the ERT.</li> <li>Make notifications if condition worsens such that downstream flooding is imminent.         Response Level 0: require enhanced surveillance 3 times per day Response Level 1: contact internal chain of command and external partners as necessary; inspect impoundment minimum 1 time per hour Response Level 2: contact internal chain of command; notify ESDA/EMA's and notify additional external partners (ESDA/EMA's notify affected parties)     </li> <li>Response Level 3: contact internal chain of command; notify ESDA/EMA's and notify additional external partners (ESDA/EMA's notify affected parties of emergency incident)</li> </ol>		
Seepage	Localized new seepage or boil(s) observed along downstream face / toe of earthen embankment with muddy discharge and increasing but controllable discharge of water.	<ol> <li>Measure and record feature dimensions, approximate flow rate, and relative location to existing surface features. Take photos. Document location on a site plan and in inspection notes.</li> <li>Determine Response Level.</li> <li>Make proper notifications as outlined in the notification flowcharts in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart.</li> <li>ERT (with Dam Safety Manager as lead) to determine mitigation actions. The following actions may apply:         <ul> <li>Place a ring of sand bags with a weir at the top towards the natural drainage path to monitor flow rate. If boil becomes too large to sand bag, place a blanket filter over the area using non-woven filter fabric and pea gravel. Attempt to contain flow in such a manner (without performing any excavations) that flow rates can be measured. Stockpile gravel and sand fill for later use, if necessary.</li> <li>Inspect the embankment and collect piezometer, water level and seepage flow data daily unless otherwise instructed by the Engineer. Record any changes of conditions. Carefully observe embankment for signs of depressions, seepage, sinkholes, cracking or movement.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>		

Table 4-3. Step 3: Emergency Actions

Condition	Description of Condition	Action to be Taken		
		<ul> <li>c) Maintain continuous monitoring of feature. Record measured flow rate and any changes of condition, including presence or absence of muddy discharge.</li> <li>5. Make notifications as outlined in the lower portion of the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart if condition worsens such that failure is imminent.</li> </ul>		
Sabotage and Miscellaneous Other Issues	Criminal action with significant damage to embankment or structures where significant repairs are required and the integrity of the facility is compromised—condition appears stable with time.	<ol> <li>Contact law enforcement authorities and restrict all access (except emergency responders) to impoundment. Restrict traffic on embankment crest to essential emergency operations only.</li> <li>Determine Response Level.</li> <li>Make internal notifications as outlined in the flowcharts in the upper portion of the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart.</li> <li>In conjunction with the Dam Safety Manager, assess extent of damage and visually inspect entire embankment and ancillary structures for additional less obvious damage. Based on inspection results, confirm if extent of damage to various components of the impoundment warrants a revised Response Level and additional notifications.</li> <li>Perform additional tasks as directed by the ERT.</li> <li>Make notifications if conditions worsen.</li> </ol>		
Embankment Deformation	Cracks: New longitudinal (along the embankment) or transverse (across the embankment) cracks more than 6 inches deep or more than 3 inches wide or increasing with time. New concave cracks on or near the embankment crest associated with slope movement.	<ol> <li>Measure and record feature dimensions, approximate flow rate, and relative location to existing surface features. Take photos. Document location on a site plan and in inspection notes.</li> <li>Restrict traffic on embankment crest to essential emergency operations only.</li> <li>Determine Response Level.</li> <li>Make notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart</li> <li>ERT (with Dam Safety Manager as lead) to determine mitigation actions. The following actions may apply:         <ul> <li>a) Place buttress fill against base of slope immediately below surface feature. Stockpile additional fill.</li> <li>b) Place sandbags as necessary around crack area to divert any storm water runoff from flowing into crack(s).</li> </ul> </li> <li>As directed by the Dam Safety Manager, additional inspection and monitoring of the dam may be required. Items may include inspect the dam on a schedule determined by the engineers; collect piezometer and water level data; and record any changes of condition. Carefully observe dam for signs of depressions, seepage, sinkholes, cracking or movement.</li> <li>Make notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart if conditions worsen such that failure is imminent.</li> </ol>		
Embankment Deformation (cont.)	Slides / Erosion: Deep slide / erosion (greater than 2 feet deep) on the embankment that may also extend beyond the embankment toe but does not encroach onto the embankment crest and appears stable with time.	<ol> <li>Measure and record feature dimensions, approximate flow rate, and relative location to existing surface features. Take photos. Document location on a site plan and in inspection report.</li> <li>Restrict traffic on embankment crest to essential emergency operations only.</li> <li>Determine the Response Level.</li> <li>Make notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart.</li> <li>ERT (with Dam Safety Manager as lead) to determine mitigation actions. Additional actions may include the following items.</li> <li>a) Place sandbags as necessary around slide area to divert any storm water runoff from flowing into slide(s).</li> <li>b) Increase inspections of the dam; collect piezometer and water level data; and record any changes of condition. During inspections,</li> </ol>		

Table 4-3. Step 3: Emergency Actions

Condition	Description of Condition	Action to be Taken
	Sinkholes: Small depression observed on the embankment or within 50 feet of the embankment toe that is less than 5 feet deep and 30 feet wide or which is increasing with time.	carefully observe dam for signs of depressions, seepage, sinkholes, cracking or movement.  6. Make notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart if conditions worsen such that failure is imminent.  1. Slowly open drain gates to lower pool elevation.  2. Measure and record feature dimensions, approximate flow rate, and relative location to existing surface features. Take photos. Document location on a site plan and in inspection notes.  3. Restrict traffic on embankment crest to essential emergency operations only.  4. Determine Response Level.  5. Make notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart.  6. ERT (with Dam Safety Manager as lead) to determine mitigation actions. Additional actions may include the following items:  a) Backfill the depression with relatively clean earth fill (free of organic materials) generally even with surrounding grade and slightly mounded (6 to 12 inches higher) in the center to shed storm water away from the depression. Stockpile additional fill.  b) Increase inspections of the dam; collect piezometer and water level data daily unless otherwise instructed by engineer; and record any changes of condition. Carefully observe dam for signs of depressions, seepage, sinkholes, cracking or movement.  7. Make notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart if conditions worsen such that failure is imminent.
Gate Malfunction or Failure	Sluice gate damaged structurally (sabotage, debris, etc.) with uncontrolled release of water at a constant volume. Condition appears stable.	<ol> <li>Close any other gates, if open.</li> <li>Determine Response Level.</li> <li>Make notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart.</li> <li>Obtain instructions from the Engineer to determine if there are other methods to stop or slow down the flow of water.</li> <li>If conditions worsen such that failure is imminent, make notifications as outlined in the lower portion of the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart.</li> </ol>

#### 5 PREPAREDNESS

The intent of this section is to provide information that will be utilized during a response. Established emergency supplies and locations, suppliers, and equipment are provided in Table 5-1. Supplier contact information is listed in Table 5-2.

A coordination meeting shall be conducted annually between representatives of the Illinois Power Resources Generating, LLC and local emergency responders. This meeting may be in the form of a face-to-face meeting, tabletop exercise, or additional training regarding the EAP.

Table 5-1. Emergency Supplies and Equipment

Item	On-site (Yes/No/Occasionally)	Remarks
Flashlights	Yes	Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s).
Generator	Yes	Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s). Contact National Rental, Inc. for additional emergency generators (see Table 5-2).
Extension Cords	Yes	Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s).
Fire extinguishers	Yes	Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s).
Floodlights	Yes	Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s). Contact JM Industrial Supply for additional emergency lighting (see Table 5-2).
Backhoe	Yes	Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s).
Dozer	Yes	Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s).
Dump Truck	No	Contact Shift Supervisor for resources and availability. Contact:  • National Rental, Inc.
Large Equipment (Rental – including excavating equipment, pumps, lighting)	Occasionally	Contact Shift Supervisor for resources and availability. Contact:  National Rental, Inc. Sunbelt Rentals
Pump and Hoses	Yes	Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s). Contact National Rental, Inc. and/or JM Industrial Supply for high-capacity portable pumps (see Table 5-2).
Sandbags and Sand	No	Contact:  • Pekin Sand & Gravel, L.L.C. (see Table 5-2)
Fill (Stone, aggregate, sand)	No	Contact:  • Pekin Sand & Gravel, L.L.C. (see Table 5-2)  • Westside Aggregates (see Table 5-2)
Concrete/grout	No	Contact:  • Roanoke Concrete Products (see Table 5-2)  • United Ready-Mix Inc. (see Table 5-2)
Geotextile Filter Fabric	Yes	Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s).
Plastic Sheeting	Yes	Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s).
Rope	Yes	Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s). Should be maintained near any features that might require immediate access.
Personal Flotation Devices	Yes	Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s).

Table 5-2. Supplier Addresses

Supplier	Distance from Site (miles)	Address
National Rental, Inc.	4.4	706 S. 2 <sup>nd</sup> , Pekin, IL 61554
Sunbelt Rentals	18.9	1601 N. Main Street, East Peoria, IL 61611
JM Industrial Supply	6.7	2323 Lakeshore, Pekin, IL 61554
Pekin Sand & Gravel, L.L.C.	7.9	13018 Manito Road, Pekin, IL 61554
Westside Aggregates	8.8	2401 West Rhodora Avenue, West Peoria, IL
Roanoke Concrete Products	5.5	1675 S. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street, Pekin, IL 661544
United Ready-Mix Inc.	6.0	2101 S. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street, Pekin, IL 61544

#### 6 FACILITY/IMPOUNDMENT DESCRIPTION

The impoundment included in this EAP is described as follows and illustrated in Figure 1-2. Table 6-1 contains additional geometric details for the impoundment.

The Edwards Power Plant is located in Peoria County, Illinois approximately one-half mile east of the intersection of U.S. Highway 24 and Illinois Route 9. The plant is located on the west bank of the Illinois River, just over one mile northwest of downtown Pekin, Illinois. The Ash Pond is located west of the power plant and Switch Yard and east of the Toledo Peoria & Western Railroad.

The Ash Pond is located on the west side of the Edwards Power Plant. The impoundment is a perched pond with watershed area beyond the extent of the pond limited to small areas of the switchyard and Edwards Power Plant. The surrounding areas will contribute an insignificant amount of runoff to the Ash Pond. According to the drainage construction plans for the Ash Pond primary spillway, flow from the Ash Pond discharges east to the Illinois River through a 36-inch diameter Corrugated Metal Pipe (CMP) located parallel to the property boundary, south of the Coal Yard. The primary spillway is equipped with a flapgate and has a sluice gate located at the embankment along the Illinois River. The Ash Pond has wet bottom storage areas on the north and south ends and does not have a dedicated auxiliary spillway. The earthen impoundment also services a railroad line.

Table 6-1. Power Plant Impoundment Characteristics

Feature/Parameter	Ash Pond
Maximum Embankment Height	29 ft.
Length of Dam	6,700 ft.
Crest Width	14 ft.
Crest Elevation	461 ft. **
Reservoir Area at Top of Dam	89 acres
Storage Capacity at Top of Dam	1,024 acre-ft.
Primary Spillway Type	36-inch diameter CMP*
Primary Spillway Crest Elevation	450.1*
Storage Capacity at Primary Spillway Elevation	580
Reservoir Area at Normal Water Surface Elevation (south wet bottom storage area)	23 acres
Reservoir Area at Normal Water Surface Elevation (north wet bottom storage area)	5 acres
Auxiliary spillway Type	N/A
Auxiliary spillway Crest Elevation	N/A

#### Notes:

<sup>\*</sup>Kleinfelder. (May 2011). Coal Ash Impoundment Site Assessment Final Report. All remaining values are GIS estimated.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Elevation in reference to NAVD88

#### 7 BREACH INUNDATION MAP AND POTENTIAL IMPACTS

An inundation map for Ash Pond potential breach scenarios is provided in this section. It is the Peoria County EMA's responsibility to keep a current list of affected parties/properties to contact in the case of emergencies that result in Response Level 2 or 3. This list should encompass all properties within and adjacent to the probable inundation extents shown in the provided map.

The methodology used to identify probable inundation extents for potential breach scenarios varied as a function of the impoundment size, location, surrounding topography, and surrounding structures/facilities/waterbodies.

Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) and crest volume transfer analyses were completed for potential breach scenarios to the west and east embankments of the Ash Pond. The approximate inundation area is illustrated in Figure 7-1.

